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Development of the Combat Talon I – APQ-122 – Terrain Following Radar (TFR)
Antenna Container,
CNU-682/E, NSN 8145-01-535-3979

AFMC LSO/LOP
AIR FORCE PACKAGING TECHNOLOGY & ENGINEERING FACILITY
WRIGHT PATTERSON AFB, OH 45433-5540
March 2006

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AFPTEF PROJECT NO. 05-P-107

TITLE: Development of the Combat Talon I – TFR Antenna Container

ABSTRACT

The Air Force Packaging Technology Engineering Facility (AFPTEF) was tasked with the design of a new shipping and storage container for the Combat Talon I – TFR Antenna in May of 2005. The new container is designed to replace the fiberglass container that was previously used.

The main problems with the fiberglass design were corrosion due to inadequate environmental control and protection, isolation system breakdown, and that there was no provision for effective warehouse stacking capability. AFPTEF solved these problems. The CNU-682/E, designed to SAE ARP1967A, is an aluminum, long-life, controlled breathing, reusable shipping and storage container. The new container, CNU-682/E, protects the TFR Antenna mechanically and environmentally. In addition, the new container makes the item much easier to maneuver during worldwide shipment and storage. The container passed all qualification tests per ASTM D4169.

The CNU-682/E container not only meets user requirements but also provides an economic saving for the Air Force. The savings will be thousands of dollars over the twenty-year life span of the container.

Total man-hours: 440

PROJECT ENGINEER:

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APPROVED BY:

Robbin Miller

Chief, Air Force Packaging Technology & Engineering Facility TEST ENGINEER:

Susan J. Evans Mechanical Engineer

AFPTEF

PUBLICATION DATE:

4/5/06

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INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND – The Combat Talon I – APQ-122 – Terrain Following Radar (TFR) Antenna was previously stored in a fiberglass container. The container did not have environmental controls and was not sealed by the nature of its construction. These two factors allowed the container to "breathe" with continuously changing environmental conditions. There was no means to control breathing or remove the excess moisture that resulted, which caused a corrosion problem on the antenna. The cradle system seemed adequate based on the lack of reported shipping damage. However, in many cases the foam based cradle system broke down and was totally ineffective for mitigating shock to the antenna. Based on the success of the Combat Talon I – APQ-122 – Ground Mapping Radar (GMAP) Antenna Container that AFPTEF designed and manufactured, representatives from Robins AFB decided that they wanted the same level of protection for the TFR Antenna. Logistics and Sustainment personnel at Robins AFB contacted AFPTEF to request the design of a reusable container that would eliminate the shipping and storage risks.

<u>REQUIREMENTS</u> – AFPTEF and Robins AFB personnel agreed upon a list of requirements during initial design discussions. Many of these requirements were not met by the fiberglass container. The requirements are as follows:

- Sealed/controlled-breathing container that protects against varied environmental conditions and weather during either inside or outside shipping and storage
- No loose packing material
- Antenna Shock/Vibration limited to 20 Gs
- Reusable and designed for long life (20 years)
- Low maintenance
- Field repairable hardware
- Forklift capabilities

DEVELOPMENT

<u>DESIGN</u> – The TFR Antenna Shipping and Storage Container (CNU-682/E) design meets all the users' requirements. The CNU-682/E (see Appendix 2, Figure 1) is a sealed, welded aluminum, controlled breathing, reusable container. The container is engineered for the physical and environmental protection of the antenna during worldwide transportation and storage. The container consists of a base and completely removable cover equipped with the special features listed below. The base is a one piece skid/double walled base extrusion with forklift openings, humidity indicator, pressure equalizing valve (1.5 psi pressure/ 1.5 psi vacuum) and desiccant port for easy replacement of desiccant (controls dehumidification). A silicone rubber gasket and quick release cam-over-center latches create a water/air-tight seal at the base-cover interface. Container external dimensions are 41.5 inches length, 28.8 inches width, and 28.7 inches height. Container empty weight is 183 pounds, and 220 pounds with the antenna in place.

An aluminum cradle system is mounted on helical steel isolators (see Appendix 2, Figure 2), which in turn are mounted to the interior container sides. The isolators limit the transmission of shock to the antenna to 20 Gs. The antenna is attached to the cradle system with eight bolts that are captive on the antenna (see Appendix 2, Figure 3).

In addition to the antenna, there is also a section of the container that accommodates the waveguide. This compartment is located on the aft end of the container and is made of a built up polyethylene foam cushion and detachable lid. The waveguide compartment lid is held in place by three linch pins (see Appendix 2, Figure 5) that pass through three posts that are welded into the container base. Appendix 2, Figure 4 shows the cushion and lid in the open position with the lid removed.

TFR ANTENNA CONTAINER FEATURES							
Pressure Equalizing Valve	1						
Humidity Indicator	1						
Desiccant Report	1						
Document Receptacle	None						
Forkliftable	Yes						
Cover Latches	10						
Cover Lift Handles	2						
Cover Lift Rings	None						
Cover Tether Rings	None						
Base Lift Handles	None						
Base Tie-down Rings	4						
Stacking Capability	Yes						

<u>PROTOTYPE</u> – AFPTEF fabricated one CNU-682/E prototype container (see Appendix 2, Figure 6 and 7) in house for testing. The prototype container was fabricated in accordance with (IAW) all requirements and tolerances of the container drawing package, and had a tare weight of 183 lb. The drawing package used for prototype fabrication has been released for the manufacture of production quantities of the container. Each face of the container was uniquely identified for testing identification as shown below.

DESIGNATED	CONTAINER
SIDE	FEATURE
Top	Cover Top
Aft	Desiccant Port
Right	Right Side from Aft
Left	Left Side from Aft
Forward	Opposite Aft
Bottom	Base Bottom

QUALIFICATION TESTING

<u>TEST LOAD</u> – The test load was an unserviceable TFR antenna (see Appendix 2, Figure 6). A triaxial accelerometer, used to record actual accelerations sustained by the antenna, was mounted on the test load as close to the center of mass as possible. The test load weight was 36 lb.

TEST PLAN – The test plan primary references were ASTM D 4169 and SAE ARP 1967 (see Appendix 1). The test methods specified in this test plan constituted the procedure for performing the tests on the antenna container. The performance criteria for evaluation of container acceptability were specified at 20 Gs maximum and an initial and final leak rate of 0.05 psi per hour at 1.5 psi. These tests are commonly applied to special shipping containers providing rough handling protection to sensitive items. The tests were performed in September, 2005 at AFPTEF, Building 70, Area C, Wright-Patterson AFB.

<u>ITEM INSTRUMENTATION</u> – The test load was instrumented with a piezoelectric triaxial accelerometer mounted as close as possible to the antenna's center of mass. Accelerometer positive axis orientations were as follows:

X Axis - Directed through container Forward and Aft (Longitudinal motion).

Y Axis - Directed through container Left and Right sides (Transverse motion).

Z Axis - Directed through container Top and Bottom sides (Vertical motion).

See Appendix 4 for detailed accelerometer and other instrumentation information.

<u>TEST SEQUENCES</u> – Note: All test sequences were performed at ambient temperature and humidity, unless otherwise noted in the test procedure.

TEST SEQUENCE 1 – Leak Test

<u>Procedure</u> – The left desiccant port cover was removed and replaced with a port cover modified for attachment of the digital manometer and vacuum/pressure pump lines. The container was closed and sealed. The leak test was conducted at ambient temperature and pressure. The pneumatic pressure leak technique was used to pressurize the container to a minimum test pressure of 1.5 psi. Maximum allowable leak rate is 0.05 psi per hour. (see Appendix 2, Figure 7).

<u>Results</u> – The container passed the leak test with a leak rate less than the maximum allowed rate of 0.05 psi per hour.

TEST SEQUENCE 2 – <u>Vibration Test, Resonance Dwell</u>

<u>Procedure</u> – The container was rigidly attached to the vibration platform. A sinusoidal vibration excitation was applied in the vertical direction and cyclically swept for 7.5 minutes at 2 minutes per octave to locate the resonant frequency. Input vibration from 5 to 12.5 Hz was at 0.125-inch double amplitude. All signals were electronically filtered using a two-pole Butterworth filter with a 600 Hz cutoff frequency. The peak transmissibility values during the up and down

frequency sweeps were noted for use in determining the frequency search range for the resonance dwell test.

The vibration controller swept up the frequency range until the resonant frequency was reached. This frequency was manually tracked for a 30 minute resonance dwell test. The test was conducted at ambient temperature. (see Appendix 2, Figure 8)

<u>Results</u> – The resonant frequencies of the packaged item ranged from an initial 10.75 Hz to 10.92 Hz. The transmissibility throughout the test was 1.5. At the end of the test period, there was no damage to the container or antenna. The container met the test requirements. (see Appendix 3, Table 2 and Waveforms.)

TEST SEQUENCE 3 – Loose Load Vibration, Repetitive Shock

<u>Procedure</u> – A sheet of 3/4-inch plywood was bolted to the top of the vibration table, and the container was placed on the plywood. Restraints were used to prevent the container from sliding off the table. The container was allowed approximately 1/2-inch unrestricted movement in the horizontal direction from the centered position on the table (see Appendix 2, Figure 9).

The table frequency was increased from 3.5 Hertz (Hz) until the container left the table surface (approximately 4.23 Hz). At one-inch double amplitude, a 1/16-inch-thick flat metal feeler could be slid freely between the table top and the container under all points of the container. Repetitive shock testing was conducted for 2 hours at ambient temperature.

<u>Results</u> – The loaded container was vibrated at 4.23 Hz for 2 hours. The maximum peak amplitude during this time (vertical axis) was approximately 3 Gs. At the end of testing there was no visible damage to the either the container or the item. The container met the test requirements. (see Appendix 3, Waveforms.)

TEST SEQUENCE 4 – Rotational Drops

<u>Procedure</u> – An Assurance Level I drop height of 762 mm (30 in.) was used to perform four corner and four edge drops onto a one-inch thick steel plate inside the conditioning chamber, and the impact levels were recorded. The maximum allowed impact level for the antenna was 20 Gs. (see Appendix 2, Figure 10.)

<u>Results</u> – All recorded impacts were less than the maximum allowed 20 Gs. There was no damage to either the container or the item. The container met the test requirements. (see Appendix 3, Table 1 and Waveforms.)

TEST SEQUENCE 5 – <u>Lateral Impact (Pendulum Impact)</u>

<u>Procedure</u> – Upon completion of the rotational drops, the container was placed on the pendulum test apparatus and impacted once on each side. The container impact velocity was 2.2 m/sec. (see Appendix 2, Figure 11.)

<u>Results</u> – All recorded impacts were less than or equal to the maximum allowed 20 Gs. There was no damage to either the container or the item. The container met the test requirements. (see Appendix 3, Table 1 and Waveforms.)

TEST SEQUENCE 6 – <u>Leak Test</u>

Procedure – Test Sequence 1 was repeated.

<u>Results</u> – The container passed the leak test with a leak rate less than the maximum allowed rate of 0.35 kPa (0.05 psi) per hour.

<u>TEST CONCLUSIONS</u> – No damage occurred during the above testing to the container, isolation system or test item. All impact levels are well below the item fragility limit of 20 Gs. Therefore, the container and mounting system do provide adequate protection for the antenna.

FIT & FUNCTION TESTING

Fit and function testing was completed on site at AFPTEF with the antenna and waveguide that was supplied for prototype testing. The packaging process was demonstrated to Robins AFB and Hurlbert Field personnel during the testing phase of the project.

CONCLUSIONS

The CNU-682/E aluminum container passed all tests and was accepted by the users at Robins AFB. The container met all the user's requirements. The container can protect a TFR Antenna during world-wide transportation and storage. The container will save the Air Force hundreds of thousands of dollars in O&M costs.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Twenty-five CNU 682/E containers have been procured, manufactured, and delivered. AFPTEF recommends that new containers be procured and delivered as needed to avoid future damage to antennas, thus mitigating overall shipping risks. All fiberglass containers for the TFR Antenna should be replaced.

APPENDIX 1: Test Plan

AF P	ACKAGINO	G TECH	INOLOG	Y AND EI	NGINEE	RING FACILI	TY AF	PTEF PROJECT NU	JMBER:
			Containe					05-P-107	
	AINER SIZE (L x \		s) RIOR:	WEIG GROSS:	HT ITEM:	CUBE (CU. F)	QU	ANTITY:	DATE:
	5.2 X 23.7	41.5 X 28				19.7		1	30 Aug 05
ITEM N		11.0 % 20	7. 20.0	21010	0010	MANUFACTURER:		'	00 / lug 00
Com	bat Talon I	TFR An	tenna						
	INER NAME:	ina 0 Ct	araga Can	tainar			со	NTAINER COST:	
	sable Shipp DESCRIPTION:	ing a Si	orage Con	itairiei					
_		num Cnt	r., Aluminu	ım Cradle,	Helical I	solators, Test	Load of	a CTI TFR A	Intenna
	TIONING:								
As n	oted below		Τ						T
TEST NO.	REF STD/S AND TEST MET PROCEDURE	HOD OR	1	TEST TITLE AN	D PARAMETE	RS		ONTAINER RIENTATION	INSTRU- MENTATION
				<u>N</u>	<u>OTE</u>				
			Package	ole means r	serviceabl	ptable and e condition. aled, with no			
			<u>Qua</u>	lity Conf	ormance	e Tests			
1.	<u>Examinati</u>	ion of P	roduct.						
	SAE ARP Par. 4.5.1 Table I	1967	determine workman	r shall be ca e conforman ship, and re in Table an	nce with mequirement	naterial, es as	Amb	ient temp.	Visual Inspection (VI)
2.	Weight To SAE ARP Par. 4.5.8.	1967	Container	shall be we	eighed.		Amb	ient temp.	Scale
			<u> </u>	<u>erformar</u>	nce Test	<u>s</u>			
3.	Leak Tes	<u>t</u> .							
	SAE ARP Par. 4.5.2	1967	retention	at 1.5 psi. A	After temp	nd vacuum erature Il not exceed	Amb	ient temp.	Pressure Transducer (PT)
СОММЕ	L Ents:		l						l
	RED BY:					APPROVED BY:			
Matt	hew P. Boz	zuto. Me	echanical E	Engineer		Robbin L.	Miller, (Chief AFPTE	F

PAGE 1 OF 3

AF P	ACKAGING TE	CHNOLOG	Y AND EI	NGINEE	RING FACIL	.ITY	AFPTEF PROJECT NU	IMBER:				
		05-P-107										
	AINER SIZE (L x W x D inc	ches)	WEIG GROSS:	HT ITEM:	CUBE (CU. f)		QUANTITY:	DATE:				
		28.8 X 28.5		1	30 Aug 05							
ITEM N	AME:		1	ı	MANUFACTURER	: '						
	Combat Talon I TFR Antenna											
	CONTAINER NAME: CONTAINER COST:											
	Reusable Shipping & Storage Container PACK DESCRIPTION:											
Extru	uded Aluminum C	ntr., Aluminı	um Cradle,	Helical I	solators, Test	Loa	d of a CTI TFR A	Intenna				
	TIONING:											
As n	oted below							-				
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OF PROCEDURE NO'S		TEST TITLE AN	D PARAMETE	RS		CONTAINER ORIENTATION	INSTRU- MENTATION				
4.	Rotational Dro	o Tests (Am	bient Tem	perature	<u>e).</u>							
	SAE ARP 1967 Par. 4.5.3 ASTM D 4169 ASTM D 6179 Methods A&B	sustain m	ght shall be ore than 20 n. for weigl	Gs.	m shall not 1 150 - 250 lb.	Ambient temp. One drop on all bottom corners (4 drops) and one drop on all edges (4 drops).		VI Tri-axial Accelerometer				
5.	Lateral Impact	Test (Ambi	ent Tempe	<u>erature)</u> .								
	SAE ARP 196 Par. 4.5.6 ASTM D 4169 ASTM D 880 Procedure B	i iiipact ve	elocity 7.3 f ore than 20		hall not	Or en	mbient temp. ne impact on each d and one on each le (4 impacts).	VI Tri-axial Accelerometer				
6.	Vibration Test											
a.	SAE ARP 196' Par. 4.5.5 ASTM D 4169 ASTM D 999	The conta 50 Hz at a minute w minutes. 30 minute Input exc	The container shall be vibrated from 5 Hz to 50 Hz at a sweep rate of one half octave per minute with a total sweep time of 7.5 minutes. Container shall then be vibrated for 30 minutes at the predominant resonance. Input excitation shall be 0.125 in double amplitude or 1 G limits.					VI Tri-axial Accelerometer				
b.	b. SAE ARP 1967 Par. 4.5.5 ASTM D 4169 ASTM D 999 Method A Container shall be vibrated IAW ASTM D 4169, Method D 999 for not less that two hours. Ambient temp. Blocking shall be used to keep cntr. in place, do not restrict vertical or rotational movement											
СОММЕ	ENTS:											
					T							
	RED BY: hew P. Bozzuto,	Mechanical I	=ngineer		APPROVED BY		er, Chief AFPTEI	=				
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PAGE 2 OF 3

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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	05-P-107					
CONTA	AINER SIZE (L x W x D i	(Containe	WEIG		CUBE (CU. F)	QUANTITY:	DATE:
INT	ERIOR:	EXTERIOR:	GROSS:	ITEM:			
	l l	X 28.8 X 28.5	218 lb	36 lb	19.7 MANUFACTURER:	1	30 Aug 05
Com	ıме: ıbat Talon I TFF	R Antenna					
	INER NAME:	TATIOTHA				CONTAINER COST:	
Reus	sable Shipping a	& Storage Cor	ıtainer				
	DESCRIPTION:						
		Cntr., Aluminu	ım Cradle,	Helical Is	solators, Test L	oad of a CTI TFR A	Antenna
	rioning: oted below						
	REF STD/SPEC					001741150	l water
TEST NO.	AND TEST METHOD (PROCEDURE NO'S		TEST TITLE AN	D PARAMETE	RS	CONTAINER ORIENTATION	INSTRU- MENTATION
7.	Leak Test.						
	SAE ARP 1967	Dneumatic	pressure at	t 1.5 nei an	nd vacuum	Ambient temp.	Pressure
	Par. 4.5.2	retention a	t 1.5 psi. A	After stabil	ization,	morent temp.	Transducer (PT)
			rop shall no	ot exceed 0	0.05 psi per		
		hour.					
СОММЕ	I Ents:						<u> </u>
PREPAI	RED BY:				APPROVED BY:		
Matt	hew P. Bozzuto	, Mechanical E	Engineer		Robbin L. M	liller, Chief AFPTE	F

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TFR Antenna Container

APPENDIX 2: Fabrication & Testing Photographs



Figure 1. The finished container includes many important features.

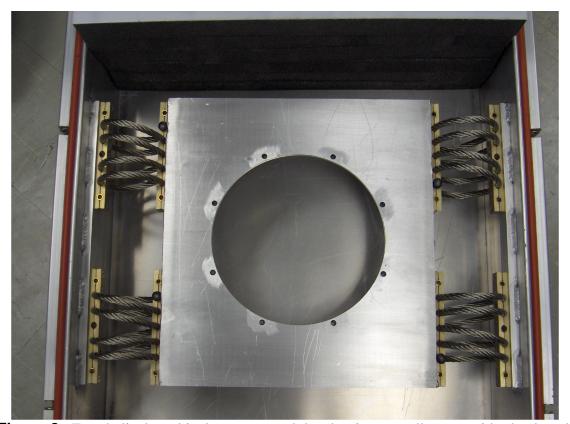


Figure 2. Four helical steel isolators suspend the aluminum cradle to provide shock and vibration isolation.



Figure 3. Eight captive screws are used to attach the antenna to the cradle system.

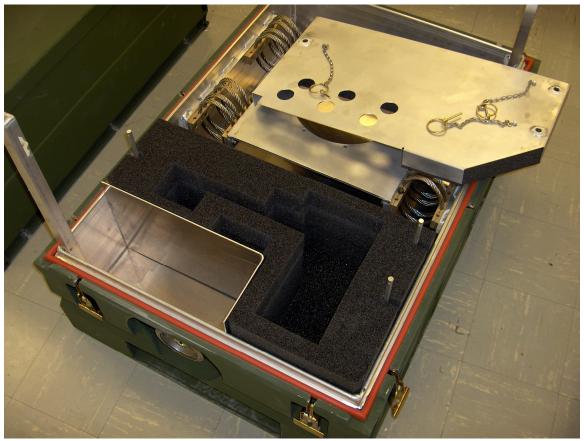


Figure 4. The waveguide rests inside a cutout in the foam cushion.



Figure 5. Three linch pins hold the waveguide lid in place.



Figure 6. TFR Antenna in container base.

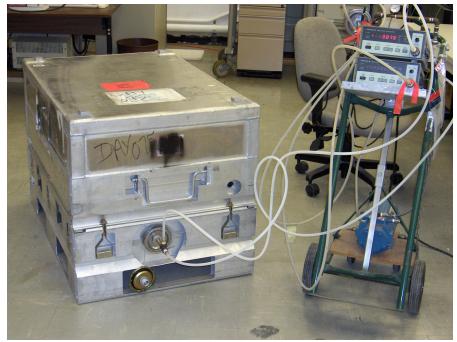


Figure 7. Pressure Test.



Figure 8. Resonance Dwell Test.



Figure 9. Repetitive Shock Test.



Figure 10. Cornerwise Rotational Drop.



Figure 11. Pendulum Impact Test.

APPENDIX 3: Test Data

Table 1. Impact Test Summary

IMPACT TYPE	TEST TEMPERATURE	IMPACT LOCATION	RESULTANT PEAK G
ROTATIONAL - CORNER	ambient	forward-left	16
ROTATIONAL - CORNER	ambient	forward-right	12
ROTATIONAL - CORNER	ambient	aft-left	9
ROTATIONAL - CORNER	ambient	aft-right	8
ROTATIONAL - EDGE	ambient	forward-bottom	16
ROTATIONAL - EDGE	ambient	aft-bottom	9
ROTATIONAL - EDGE	ambient	left-bottom	15
ROTATIONAL - EDGE	ambient	right-bottom	11
LATERAL IMPACT - FACE	ambient	forward	14
LATERAL IMPACT - FACE	ambient	aft	13
LATERAL IMPACT - FACE	ambient	left	**
LATERAL IMPACT - FACE	ambient	right	20

^{**} The waveform for this drop was not recorded, however the resultant peak G level is known to be less than 20 Gs.

Table 2. Container Resonant Frequency and Transmissibility Values.

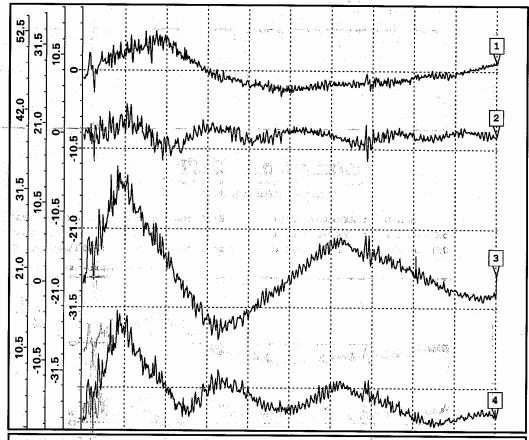
TEST TEMPERATURE	DWELL TIME	RESONANT FREQUENCY	TRANSMISSIBILITY
Ambient	5 min	10.75 Hz	1.5
Ambient	15 min	10.92 Hz	1.6
Ambient	30 min	10.92 Hz	1.4

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

DATE / TIME : Sep 20 2005 9:15 TEST ENGINEER : Evans

Test Type : Edgewise IMPACT POINT : Forward Bottom Edge CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container DROP HEIGHT : 762 mm (30 in.)

V. Angle: 112.24; H. Angle: 104.89;



Ch.	Time	Curr	Amp	Peak A	mp.	1st I	nt .			Time,	/Div	Нехр	Vexp
O 1 210	. ms	-0.88	g's	5.88	g¹s	-20.02	In/s	8		26	mS	1	2
2 210	. ms	-0.55	g's	5.21	g's	-13.91	In/s		1.	26	ms	1	2
3 210	- mS	2.07	g's	15.46	g's	174.99	In/s			26	mS	1	2
O R 210	· ms	2.32	g's	15.72 g	j's	176,68	In/s		1	26	mS	1	2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 16 Gs; PEAK G (Z) = 15 Gs.

ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);

Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.

No visible damage.

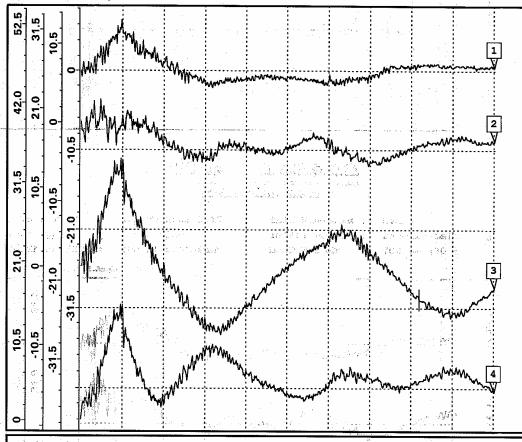
ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

DATE / TIME : Sep 20 2005 9:17 TEST ENGINEER : Evans

Test Type : Cornerwise IMPACT POINT : Forward-Left Corner CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container DROP HEIGHT : 762 mm (30 in.)

V. Angle: 83.21; H. Angle: 235.08;



Ch. Time	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int	3	Time/Div	Hexp Vexp
O 1 214. ms	0.62 g's	6.99 g's	8.14 In/s		26 ms	1 2
	-3.00 g's	-5.84 g's	-235.09 In/s		26 ms	1 2
3 214. ms	-4.29 g's	15.64 g's	10.75 In/s	!	26 ms	1 2
OR 214. ms	5.27 g's	16.32 g's	235.48 In/s	var.	26 ms	1. 2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 16 Gs; PEAK G (Y) = 16 Gs.
ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);
Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.

No visible damage.

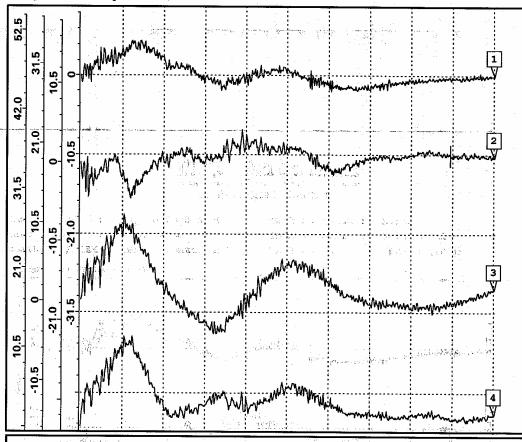
ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

DATE / TIME : Sep 20 2005 9:20 TEST ENGINEER : Evans

Test Type : Cornerwise IMPACT POINT : Forward-Right Corner CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container DROP HEIGHT : 762 mm (30 in.)

V. Angle: 114.67; H. Angle: 356.67;



Ch. Time	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int	Time/Div	Hexp Vexp
) 1 233. ms	-0.43 g's	5.13 g's	17.90 In/s	26 ms	1 2
2 233. ms	0.93 g's	-5,68 g's	39.95 In/s	26 ms	1 2
I ()	-0.05 g's	11,75 g's	153.99 In/s	26 mS	1 2
OR 233. → ms	1.02 g's	12.11 g's	160.09 In/s	26 - ms	1 2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 12 Gs; PEAK G (Y) = 12 Gs.
ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);
Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.
No visible damage.

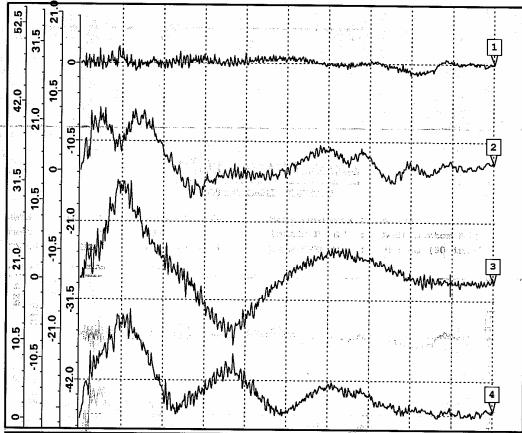
ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

Sep 20 2005 9:26 TEST ENGINEER :

Test Type Edgewise IMPACT POINT : Left Bottom Edge CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container DROP HEIGHT 762 mm (30 in.)

V. Angle: 70.08; H. Angle: 334.13;



Ch. Time	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int	Tin	ie/Div	Нехр	Vexp
1 233. ms 2 233. ms	0.57 g's	2.25 g's	12.70 In/s		6 ms	1	2
3 233. ms		8.61 g's 13.34 g's	123.50 In/s 120.45 In/s		6 m/S	1	2
R 233. ms		14.59 g's	172.98 In/s		6 m/S	1	2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 15 Gs; PEAK G (Y) = 13 Gs. ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse); Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant. No visible damage. ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

DATE / TIME

Sep 20 2005 9:30

TEST ENGINEER :

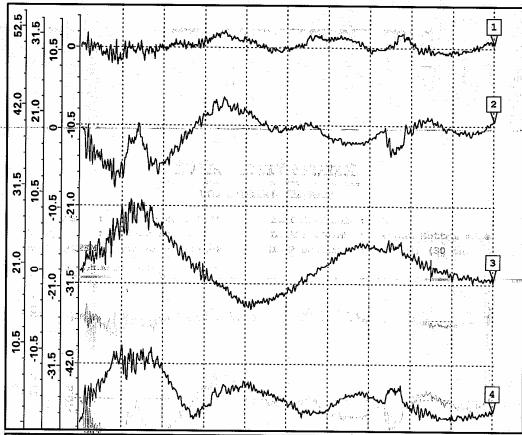
Evans

Test Type : CONTAINER/ITEM:

Edgewise TFR Al container IMPACT POINT :
DROP HEIGHT :

Right Bottom Edge 762 mm (30 in.)

V. Angle: 101.65; H. Angle: 9.34;



Ch. Time Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int		Time/Div	Hexp V	ехр
0 1 221. ms -0.31 g's 0 2 221. ms 1.48 g's	-2.45 g's -8.22 g's	27.54 In/s -75.88 In/s	, , ,	26 ms	1	2
3 221. ms 0.24 g's	10.39 g's	119.04 In/s		26 ms	1	2
R 221. ms 1.54 g/s	10.50 g's	143.82 In/s	-	26 ms	1	2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 10 Gs; PEAK G (Y) = 10 Gs.

ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);

Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.

No visible damage.

ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

DATE / TIME

Sep 20 2005 9:07

TEST ENGINEER :

Test Type

Edgewise

IMPACT POINT :

Aft Bottom Edge

CONTAINER/ITEM:

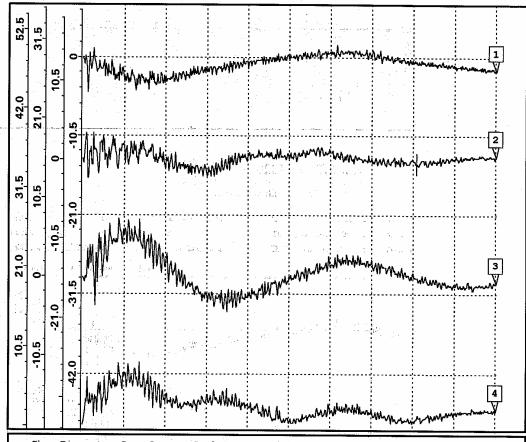
TFR Al container

DROP HEIGHT :

762 mm (30 in.)

Evans

V. Angle: 133.71; H. Angle: 199.64;



	Ch.	Time	Curr	Amp	Peak 1	4mp	1st I	nt		;	 Time	/Div	Нехр	Vexp
	1 2	10. ms	-0.62	g's	-4.87	g's	-75.75	In/s			26	mS	1	2
	2 2	10. mS	-0.61	g's	4.36	g's	14.02	In/s			26	ms	1	2
	3 2.	10. ms	-0.22	g's	7.88	g's	61.62	In/s	•	**	26	mS	1	2
) R 2	10. ms	0.89	g's	8.61	g's	98.65	In/s		:	26	mS	1	2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 8 Gs; PEAK G (Z) = 9 Gs.

ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);

Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.

No visible damage.

ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

Sep 20 2005 9:09 TEST ENGINEER : **Evans**

Test Type Cornerwise IMPACT POINT : Aft-Left Corner CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container DROP HEIGHT 762 mm (30 in.)

Angle: 99.71; H. Angle: 234.57; 31,5 Ŋ 5 42.0 0 2 5 2 0 D ۳ Ş 21.0 3 ŕ o 2 10.5 Ŋ 4 6 Time Curr Amp Peak Amp 1st Int 1 200. ms -0.33 g's -5.36 g's --87.97 In/s 26 -1.13 g's -3.76 g's -85.96 In/s 26 ms 1

Time/Div Hexp Vexp 2 3 200. -1.59 g's 7.64 q's 117.94 In/s 26 ms 1 2 R 200. 1.99 g's 9.24 g's 170.40 In/s 26 mS 1 2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 9 Gs; PEAK G (Z) = 9 Gs. ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse); Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant. No visible damage. ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

ROTATIONAL IMPACT

DATE / TIME : Sep 20 2005 9:11

TEST ENGINEER :

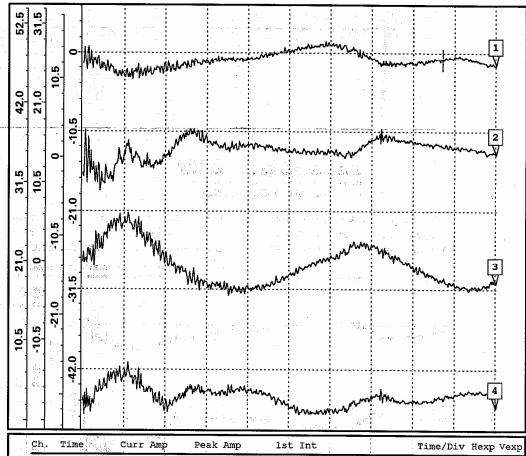
Evans

Test Type : CONTAINER/ITEM:

Cornerwise TFR Al container IMPACT POINT :
DROP HEIGHT :

Aft-Right Corner 762 mm (30 in.)

V. Angle: 107.35;H.Angle: 298.40;



Ch. Time Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int	1	Time/Div	Hexp Vexp
● 1 227. ms -0.91 g's	-3.85 g's	-80.97 In/s		26 ms	1 2
O 2 227. ms 1.39 g's	-4.80 g's	83.68 In/s		26 ms	1 2
3 227. ms -2.57 g's	6.81 g's	-7.43 In/s		26 ms	1 2
OR 226. ms 3.05 g's	7.69 g's	116.68 In/s	: :	26 ms	1 2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 8 Gs; PEAK G (Z) = 7 Gs.

ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);

Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.

No visible damage.

ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

PENDULOM IMPACT

Sep 20 2005 9:42 Test Type

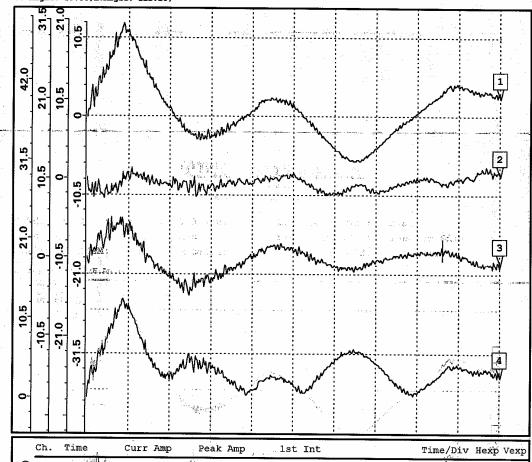
CONTAINER/ITEM:

Side Impact TFR Al container TEST ENGINEER : IMPACT POINT :

Forward Side

IMPACT VELOCTY: 2.19 m/s

V. Angle: 18.86; H. Angle: 123.16;



Ch. Time	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	lst Int	-	Time/Div	Hexp Vex
1 224. ms			46.65 In/s	134 - 1	26ms	1
O 2 224. ms			-70.19 In/s		26 ms	1 2
3 224. mS			-20.20 In/s		26 ms	1 :
OR 224. ms	3.46 g's	13.70 g's	86.67 In/s		26 - ms	12

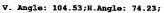
PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 13 Gs; PEAK G (X) = 14 Gs. ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse); Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant. No visible damage. ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

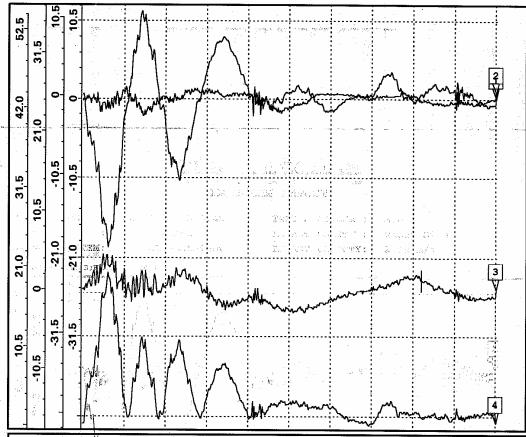
PENDULOM IMPACT

DATE / TIME : Sep 20 2005 9:46 TEST ENGINEER : Evans

Test Type : Side Impact IMPACT POINT : Right Side

CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container IMPACT VELOCTY: 2.19 m/s





Ch. Time	Peak Amp	1st Int			iv H	exp Vexp
0 1 214. ms -0.30 g's	-2.63 g's	12.86 In/s	:	26	mS	1 2
2 214. ms 0.32 g's	-20.17 g's	-66.86 In/s		26	mS	1 2
3 214. ms 1.13 g's	5.06 g's	-19.14 In/s	:	26	mS	1 2
OR 214. ms 1.21 g's	20.45 g's	70.72 In/s		26	mS	1 2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 20 Gs; PEAK G (Y) = 20 Gs.

ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);

Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.

No visible damage.

ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

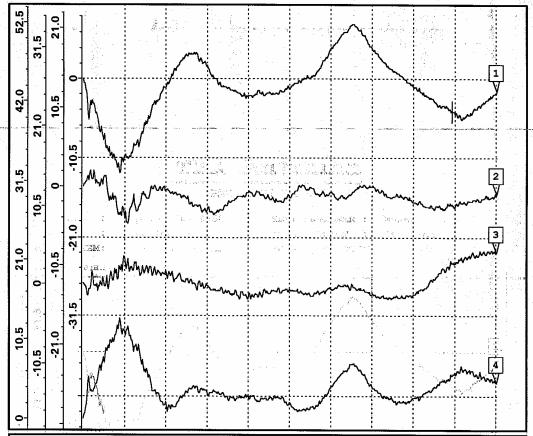
PENDULOM IMPACT

DATE / TIME : Sep 20 2005 9:58 TEST ENGINEER : Evans

Test Type : Side Impact IMPACT POINT : Aft Side

CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container IMPACT VELOCTY: 2.19 m/s

V. Angle: 139.78; H. Angle: 129.95;



l i	Ch.	Time 👸	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int	;	Time/Div	Hexp Vexp
0	1 23	2. mS	-4.34 g's	-12.64 g's	-90.92 In/s	يضايه العمر	26 ms	1 2
0	2 23	2. ms	-2.36 g's	-5,19 g's	-127.18 In/s	14.51	26 ms	1 2
Ō	3 23	2. ms	2.82 g's	3.89 g's	-18.95 In/s		26 ms	1 2
Ŏ	R 23	2. ms	5.69 g's	13.32 g's	157.48 In/s		26 ms	1 2

PEAK G RESULTANT VALUE = 13 Gs; PEAK G (Y) = 13 Gs.

ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT: Ch1 - X(longitudinal); Ch2 - Y(transverse);

Ch3 - Z(vertical); Ch4 - resultant.

No visible damage.

ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 880, SAE ARP 1967.

Antenna

DATE / TIME

Sep 20 2005 10:53

TEST ENGINEER :

Evans

TEST TYPE :

Vibration

FREQUENCY :

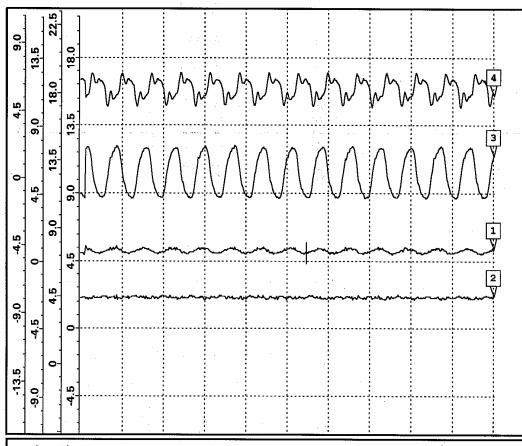
10.75 Hz

CONTAINER/ITEM:

TFR Al container

TEST TIME :

5 MIN



	Ch.	Time	9	Curr Amp	Peak I	Amp	1st Ir	nt	Time/	Div	Нехр	Vexp
•	1 7	714. 727.	mS	4.98 g's	5.48	g's	1417.67	In/s	131	mS	1	2
lČ	2 7	727.	mS	4.44 g's	4.63	g's	1230.22	In/s	131	mS	1	. 2
lŌ	3 '	1.19		4.24 g's		g's	2691.41	In/s	131	mS	1	2
C	4 7	34.	mS	4.75 g's	7.07	g's	1689.40	In/s	131	mS	1	2

Accelerometer output: Ch1 - X(long.); Ch2 - Y(trans.); Ch3 - Z(vert.); Ch4 - table input.

Aft side = desiccant port end. Cable aft. Ambient temperature and ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 999, SAE ARP1967.

RESONANCE DWELL

DATE / TIME

Sep 20 2005 11:15

TEST ENGINEER :

Evans

TEST TYPE :

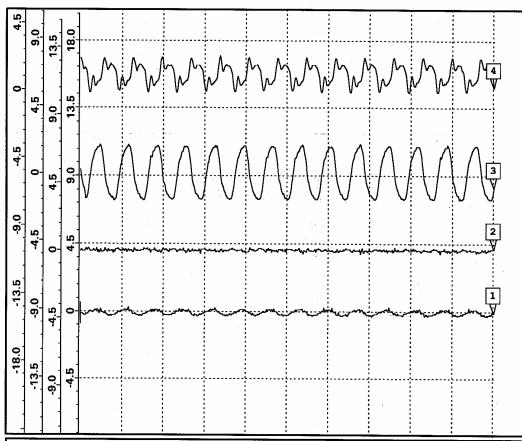
Vibration

FREQUENCY :

10.92 Hz

CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container TEST TIME :

15 min



	Ch	. Time	e	Curr Amp) Peak	Amp	1st In	nt :	Tir	ne/Div	Нехр	Vexp
(1	0.00	uS	-0.12 g':	-0.12	g's	0.00	In/s	13	1 ms	1	2
\mathbf{I}) 2	440.	mS	-0.05 g's	s 0.28	g's	1.71	In/s	13	1 ms	1.	2
10) 3	440.	ms	0.31 g':	s -1.92	g's	1.99	In/s	13	1 ms	1	2
) 4	437.	mS	2.05 g's	s 2.28	g's	170.46	In/s	13	1 ms	1	2

Accelerometer output: Ch1 - X(long.); Ch2 - Y(trans.); Ch3 - Z(vert.); Ch4 - table input.

Aft side = desiccant port end. Cable aft. Ambient temperature and humdity. ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 999, SAE ARP1967.

RESONANCE DWELL

DATE / TIME

Sep 20 2005 11:15

TEST ENGINEER :

Evans

TEST TYPE :

Vibration

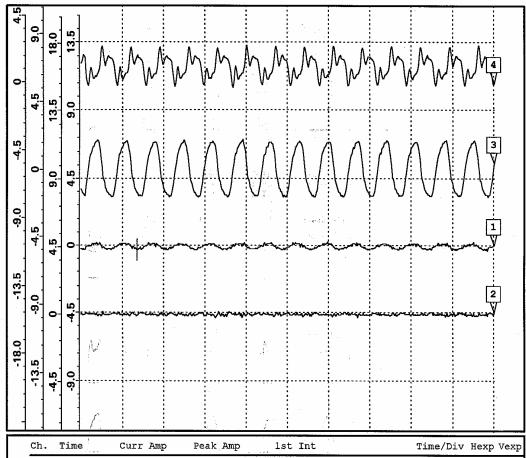
FREQUENCY :

10.92 Hz

CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container

TEST TIME :

30 min



	Ch.	Time) 	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	lst I	nt	Time/	Div	Нехр	Vexp
0) 1 :	176.	mS	-0.25 g's	-0.40 g's	-3.03	In/s	131	mS	1	2
10) 2 :	176.	mS	-0.06 g's	-0.26 g's	1.68	In/s	131	mS	1	2
ĬČ) 3	1.17	S	-0.81 g's	2.07 g's	-10.91	In/s	131	mS	1	2
lČ) 4 : 1	176.	mS	1.72 g's	2.45 g's	70.28	In/s	131	mS	1	2

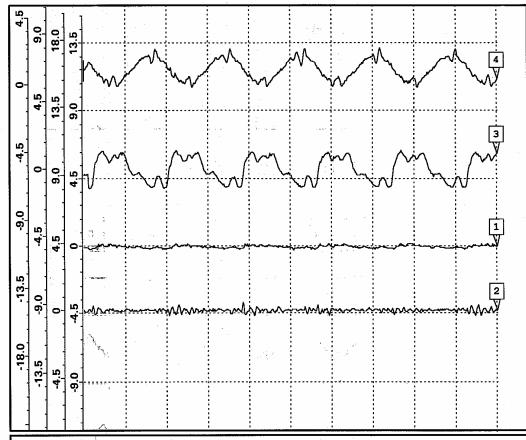
Accelerometer output: Ch1 - X(long.); Ch2 - Y(trans.); Ch3 - Z(vert.); Ch4 - table input. Test was halted and restarted at 15 min.

Aft side = desiccant port end. Cable aft. Ambient temperature and ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 999, SAE ARP1967.

REPETITIVE SHOCK

DATE / TIME : Sep 20 2005 11:15 TEST ENGINEER : Evans
TEST TYPE : Vibration FREQUENCY : 4.225 Hz

CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container TEST TIME: 10 min



Ch. Time	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int	Time/Div	Hexp Vexp
) 1 340. ms	0.01 g's	-0.30 g's	-5.12 In/s	131 mS	1 2
2 847. ms	0.12 g's	0.69 g's	4.26 In/s	131 mS	1 2
3 340. ms	0.72 g's	-1.36 g's	7.18 In/s	131 ms	1 2
ŏ 4 0.00 us	0.94 g's	0.94 g's	0.00 In/s	131 mS	1 2

Accelerometer output: Ch1 - X(long.); Ch2 - Y(trans.); Ch3 - Z(vert.); Ch4 - table input.

Aft side = desiccant port end. Cable aft. Ambient temperature and humdity.

ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 999, SAE ARP1967.

Sep 20 2005 11:15 DATE / TIME :

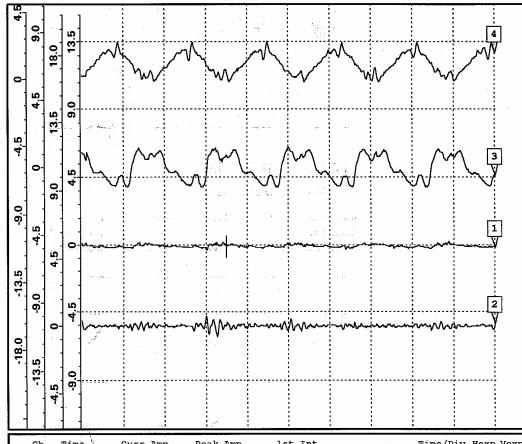
TEST ENGINEER :

TEST TYPE : CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container

Vibration

FREQUENCY : 4.225 Hz

60 min TEST TIME :



Γ	Ch.	Time 🔍	Curr	Amp	Peak i	Amp .	1st I	nt	Tin	e/Div	Нехр	Vexp
۱	(a) 1 4	155. ms	-0.10	g's	-0.35	g's	-9.12	In/s	13	l ms	1	2
ı	$\bigcap 2^{-1}$	2.56 ms	0.01	g's	0.40	g's	0.39	In/s	13	l ms	1	2
l	Ŏ 3 <u>:</u> 4	155. ms	0.78	g's	-1.36	g's	-13.20	In/s	13	l ms	1	2
l	Ŏ 4 E	31.92 mS	1.93	g's	1.94	g's	34.13	In/s	13	1 ms	1	2

Accelerometer output: Ch1 - X(long.); Ch2 - Y(trans.); Ch3 - Z(vert.); Ch4 - table input.

Aft side = desiccant port end. Cable aft. Ambient temperature and ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 999, SAE ARP1967.

REPETITIVE SHOCK

DATE / TIME :

Sep 20 2005 11:15

TEST ENGINEER :

Evans

TEST TYPE :

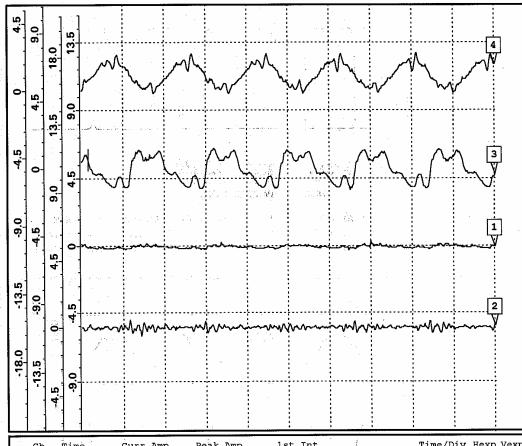
Vibration

FREQUENCY :

4.225 Hz

CONTAINER/ITEM: TFR Al container

TEST TIME : 90 min



Ch. Time	Curr Amp	Peak Amp	1st Int	Time/D	iv Hex	p Vexp
1 460. ms	0.05 g's	0.30 g's	-7.83 In/s	131 1	ms 1	. 2
2 460. ms	0.09 g's	0.69 g's	4.00 In/s	131 1	ms 1	2
3 20.48 ms	0.53 g's	0.97 g's	6.18 In/s	131 r	ms 1	2
64 460. ms	0.14 g's	2.62 g's	189.19 In/s	131 1	ms 1	. 2

Accelerometer output: Ch1 - X(long.); Ch2 - Y(trans.); Ch3 - Z(vert.); Ch4 - table input.

Aft side = desiccant port end. Cable aft. Ambient temperature and humdity.

ASTM D 4169, ASTM D 999, SAE ARP1967.

APPENDIX 4: Test Instrumentation

PRESSURE TEST EQUIPMENT - Test sequences 1 & 6

EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SN	CAL. DATE
Digital Manometer	Yokogawa	2655	82DJ6009	August 05

ROUGH HANDLING TEST EQUIPMENT - Test sequences 2 - 5.

EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SN	CAL. DATE
Shock Amplifier	Endevco	2775A	ER34	NA
Shock Amplifier	Endevco	2775A	ER33	NA
Shock Amplifier	Endevco	2775A	EL81	NA
Item Accelerometer	Endevco	2228C	CW78	Dec 04
Data Acquisition	GHI Systems	CAT	Ver. 2.7.1	N/A

VIBRATION TEST EQUIPMENT - Test sequences 2 & 3.

EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SN	CAL. DATE
Servohydraulic Vibration Machine	Team Corp.	Special	1988	N/A
Feedback Hardware Controller	Dactron Corp.	PCI DSP Card Front End DSP Box	2208515 4544828	Oct 04 N/A
Feedback Software Controller	Dactron Corp.	Version 2.1	N/A	N/A
Table Feedback Accelerometer	Endevco	2271AM20	10306	Dec 04
Feedback Amplifier	Endevco	2775A	EL65	N/A

APPENDIX 5: Distribution List

DISTRIBUTION LIST

DTIC/O DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER FORT BELVOIR VA 22060-6218

AFMC LSO/LO WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433-5540

OC-ALC/GBMSTP TINKER AFB OK 73145

OO-ALC/LGMPD HILL AFB UT 84056-5805

WR-ALC/LGMTP ROBINS AFB GA 31098-1670

OC-ALC/MNBDA TINKER AFB OK 73145

AFMC 330 SOSG/LU ROBINS AFB GA 31098-1670 **APPENDIX 6: Report Documentation**

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE				Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188				
gathering and main of information, incl aware that notwith OMB control number	taining the data needs uding suggestions fo standing any other pr er.	ed, and completing a r reducing the burde ovision of law, no p	nd reviewing the collection of inf	ormation. Send co se, Executive Servi nalty for failing to c	mments rega	me for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, ording this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection munications Directorate (0704-0188). Respondents should be a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid		
1. REPORT DA	ATE (DD-MM-YY 0-03-2006		ORT TYPE Technical, Final Pr	No. 1		3. DATES COVERED (From - To) May 05 - March 06		
4. TITLE AND	SUBTITLE			, ,	5a. CO	NTRACT NUMBER		
Development	of the Combat	Talon I - APC	Q-122 - Terrain Follow	ing Radar	Eb. GP.	5b. GRANT NUMBER		
(TFR) Antenna Container, CNU-682/E, NSN 8145-01-535-3979 5b.			SD. GR	SD. GRANT NOMBER				
5c. P			5c. PRO	ROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER				
6. AUTHOR(S	•				5d. PRO	OJECT NUMBER 05-P-107		
Matthew P. Bozzuto, Project Engineer matthew.bozzuto@wpafb.af.mil, DSN 787-7166, Comm. (937)257-7166					5e. TAS	5e. TASK NUMBER		
Susan J. Evans, Qualification Test Engineer susan.evans@wpafb.af.mil, DSN 787-7445, Comm. (937)257-7445					5f. WO	RK UNIT NUMBER		
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)					8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER			
AFMC LSO/LOP 5215 THURLOW ST, STE 5, BLDG 70C WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433-5540					06-R-02			
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)					10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)			
					11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)			
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release, distribution unlimited								
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES								
14. ABSTRACT The Air Force Packaging Technology Engineering Facility (AFPTEF) was tasked with the design of a new shipping and storage container for the Combat Talon I - TFR Antenna in May of 2005. The new container is designed to replace the fiberglass container that was previously used. The main problems with the fiberglass design were corrosion due to inadequate environmental control and protection, isolation system breakdown, and that there was no provision for effective warehouse stacking capability. AFPTEF solved these problems. The CNU-682/E, designed to SAE ARP1967A, is an aluminum, long-life, controlled breathing, reusable shipping and storage container. The new container, CNU-682/E, protects the TFR Antenna mechanically and environmentally. In addition, the new container makes the item much easier to maneuver during worldwide shipment and storage. The container passed all qualification tests per ASTM D4169. The CNU-682/E container not only meets user requirements but also provides an economic saving for the Air Force. The savings will be thousands of dollars over the twenty-year life span of the container.								
15. SUBJECT TERMS CNU 682/E, Terrain Following Radar (TFR) Antenna Container, Aluminum Container, Reusable Container, Design, Test, Shock Vibration Isolator Mounted Item Container, Isolation System								
16. SECURITY a. REPORT	CLASSIFICATIO		17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF		ME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON 7 P. Bozzuto		
U U U IIII PAGES 19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include area code)				EPHONE NUMBER (Include area code)				
				"		(937)257-7166		

Standard Form 298 (Rev. 8/98) Prescribed by ANSI Std. Z39.18